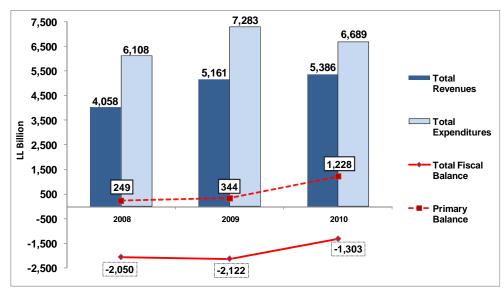


# **Public Finance Monitor**

The Monthly Statistical Bulletin of the Ministry of Finance

May 2010

The total fiscal balance registered a deficit of LL 1,303 billion in January-May 2010 compared to a deficit of LL 2,122 billion in 2009. The improvement in the total deficit is mainly due to the LL 595 billion decrease in spending and the LL 225 billion increase in total receipts. The primary balance achieved a surplus of LL 1,228 billion compared to a surplus of LL 344 billion recorded in January-May 2009.



**Total revenues** in January-May 2010 amounted to LL 5,386 billion, up from the 2009 level of LL 5,161 billion.

**Tax revenues** rose by LL 779 billion, to LL 4,300 billion. The major developments in May are the following:

- o LL 228 billion increase in *income taxes on profit* due to a cash-flow effect; the Treasury received the bulk of tax dues from corporations and individual businesses in May 2010, whereas in 2009, the bulk was received in June 2009.
- o LL 31 billion (or 43%) higher collection of *dividend and capital gain taxes* during the month of May, filing and declaration of the self-assessed income taxes occurs
- o LL 169 billion increase in real estate registration fees, due to both volume and values.
- o LL 20 billion (or 32%) higher receipts from the recurrent *tax on properties*, which may be explained by higher property values.
- o LL 57 billion more revenues from taxes on international trade (customs and excises) the largest rise originated from tobacco excises. It is worth noting that revenues from car excises are receding compared to the hike witnessed in 2008 and 2009, due to a slight decrease in car imports.

**Non-tax revenues** decreased by LL 599 billion, to LL 815 billion, driven by:

- o a reduction of LL 618 billion in income from *non-financial public enterprises*, due to a LL 610 billion decrease in transfers from the *telecom budget surplus* resulting from the absence of transfers in four months, namely January, March, April, and May 2010
- o A slight reduction of LL 9 billion in revenues from vehicle control fees

**Treasury receipts** increased by 20 percent to LL 271 billion, mostly on account of higher revenues of the Independent Municipal Fund.

**Total expenditures** during Jan-May 2010 decreased by LL 595 billion, down to LL 6,689 billion from LL 7,283 billion in January-May 2009.

**Current primary expenditures** increased by LL 172 billion, mainly driven by:

- o LL 104 billion rise in *personnel cost,* due to a LL 110 billion rise in *retirement and end-of-service compensation,* solely reflecting a cash-timing difference, whereby the equivalent May 2009 amount was paid in June 2009;
- LL 79 billion rise in various transfers, mainly due to the treasury advance for diesel oil subsidy worth LL 61 billion;
- o LL 21 billion rise in medicaments

**Interest payments** increased by LL 49 billion, to LL 2,462 billion, as a net result of:

- o a LL 67 billion increase on *domestic currency treasury* bills
- o a LL 18 billion decline on *foreign currency debt* due to lower Eurobond coupon payments on a cash basis.

**Capital expenditures** declined by LL 2 billion to LL 229 billion, of which 60 percent covered for *construction in progress* and 29 percent for *maintenance*.

**Other treasury expenditures** decreased substantially by LL 829 billion, to LL 1,298 billion, due to lower transfers to:

- o *EDL* by LL 542 billion, mainly due to lower oil prices, where the average oil price, according to which the January-May 2010 payments were made, was notably lower than 2009<sup>1</sup>, and lower debt service on behalf of EDL by LL 19 billion.
- o Absence of transfers to the *High Relief Committee*

**Gross public debt** increased by LL 19 billion from the end-December 2009 level, to LL 77,094 billion in May 2010.

**Local currency debt<sup>2</sup>** increased by LL 420 billion to LL 45,393 billion, due to increases of:

- o LL 148 billion in BDL's domestic debt portfolio
- o LL 19 billion in holdings by commercial banks

**Foreign currency debt** witnessed a decrease in its stock by LL 401 billion, mainly as a result of the redemption of Eurobonds issued in the context of the Paris II Conference that have an amortized payment structure. Market-issued Eurobonds increased by LL 253 billion by May 2010 as a result of a US\$1.2 billion issuance on March 9<sup>th</sup>.

# May 2010 HIGHLIGHT Transfers to the Council for the South and the Central Fund for the Displaced

The Council for the South (CoS) and the Central Fund for the Displaced (DF) in established 1970 and respectively - are funded from budget treasury allocations or advances 362/2001. Law covered by Law 362/2001 granted an equivalent of US\$ 200 million and US\$ 300 million to the CoS and the DF, respectively, to carry out their mandate.

Under the auspices of the Council of Ministers, the CoS has the legislative mandate to carry out a wide range of projects in the South of Lebanon to satisfy the social, economic and safety needs of the residents. Over the period 2005-2009, the CoS received a total of LL 222 billion to carry out its multifaceted mandate, with a peak of LL 66 billion in 2005. On average, it receives an annual allocation of LL 40 billion. During January-May 2010, LL 20 billion was transferred to the CoS, an increase of LL 10 billion from January-May 2009.

Also founded under the direct auspices of the Council of Ministers, the DF is concerned with financing rehabilitation of the Lebanese displaced during the war and with improving the socioeconomic living conditions of the displaced by rehabilitating their houses and providing financial and nonfinancial assistance. The DF has received LL 275 billion over the period 2005-2009, with a peak of LL 76 billion in 2007. In January-May 2010, it received LL 30 billion compared to LL 45 billion in 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For further details, kindly refer to May 2010 issue of "Transfers to EDL: A Monthly Snapshot" available on www.finance.gov.lb

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Treasury Bill auctions resumed in April following a one-month halt in March 2010.

Table 1. Summary of Fiscal Performance

(LL billion)	2009 May	2010 May	2009 Jan-May	2010 Jan-May	% Change 2010/2009
Total Budget and Treasury Receipts	984	1,132	5,161	5,386	4%
Total Budget and Treasury Payments, of which	1,282	1,408	7,283	6,689	-8%
<ul> <li>Interest Payments</li> </ul>	384	468	2,413	2,462	2%
<ul> <li>Concessional loans principal payments 1/</li> </ul>	10	14	53	68	28%
Primary Expenditures 2/	887	926	4,817	4,158	-14%
Total Cash Deficit/Surplus	-298	-275	-2,122	-1,303	-39%
Primary Deficit/Surplus	96	206	344	1,228	257%

Source: Ministry of Finance (MOF), Directorate General of Finance (DGF)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>/ Includes only Principal repayments of concessional loans earmarked for project financing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>/ Primary expenditures exclude debt related payments (Interest payments and Concessional loans principal repayment)

## **Section 1: Revenue Outcome**

Table 2. Total Revenue

(LL billion)	2009 May	2010 May	2009 Jan- May	2010 Jan-May	% Change 2010/2009
Budget Revenues, of which:	946	1,078	4,936	5,115	4%
Tax Revenues	697	1,011	3,522	4,300	22%
Non-Tax Revenues	248	66	1,414	815	-42%
Treasury Receipts	38	55	225	271	20%
Total Revenues	984	1,132	5,161	5,386	4%

Source: Ministry of Finance (MOF), Directorate General of Finance (DGF)

**Table 3.** Tax Revenue

(LL billion)	2009	2010	2009	2010	% Change
(LE DIMOT)	May	May	Jan- May	Jan- May	2010/2009
Tax Revenues:	697	1,011	3,522	4,300	22%
Taxes on Income, Profits, & Capital Gains, of which:	177	427	710	1,015	43%
Income Tax on Profits	78	304	219	448	104%
<ul> <li>Income Tax on Wages and Salaries</li> </ul>	5	3	190	192	1%
<ul> <li>Income Tax on Capital Gains &amp; Dividends</li> </ul>	40	60	71	102	43%
<ul> <li>Tax on Interest Income (5%)</li> </ul>	54	59	223	265	19%
<ul> <li>Penalties on Income Tax</li> </ul>	1	2	7	8	17%
Taxes on Property, of which:	50	102	266	463	74%
<ul> <li>Built Property Tax</li> </ul>	3	10	62	83	32%
<ul> <li>Real Estate Registration Fees</li> </ul>	43	85	179	348	95%
Domestic Taxes on Goods & Services, of which:	219	226	1,334	1,504	13%
Value Added Tax	189	191	1,203	1,353	12%
<ul> <li>Other Taxes on Goods and Services, of which:</li> </ul>	30	35	127	146	15%
<ul> <li>Private Car Registration Fees</li> </ul>	19	21	88	95	8%
- Passenger Departure Tax	11	14	39	51	31%
Taxes on International Trade, of which:	219	224	1,055	1,112	5%
<ul><li>Customs</li></ul>	62	70	299	325	9%
• Excises, of which:	156	154	<i>756</i>	<i>787</i>	4%
- Gasoline Excise	89	<i>77</i>	408	407	0%
- Tobacco Excise	19	24	103	140	36%
- Cars Excise	49	52	244	238	-3%
Other Tax Revenues (namely fiscal stamp fees)	32	33	157	206	32%

Source: MOF, DGF

Table 4. Non-Tax Revenue

(LL billion)	2009	2010	2009	2010	% Change
Non-Tax Revenues	248	May 66	Jan- May 1,414	Jan- May 815	2010/2009 -42%
Income from Public Institutions and Government	240	- 00	1,414	013	-42/0
Properties, of which:	204	15	1,160	555	-52%
<ul> <li>Income from Non-Financial Public Enterprises, of which:</li> </ul>	191	11	1,088	470	-57%
- Revenues from Casino Du Liban	10	11	66	60	-9%
- Revenues from Port of Beirut	0	0	62	65	5%
- Budget Surplus of National Lottery	0	0	18	13	-28%
- Transfer from the Telecom Surplus	181	0	941	331	-65%
Transfer from Public Financial Institution (BDL)	0	0	40	60	50%
Property Income (namely rent of Rafic Hariri International Airport)	12	4	27	22	-17%
Other Income from Public Institutions (interests)	1	0	5	2	-65%
Administrative Fees & Charges, of which:	36	43	208	215	3%
Administrative Fees, of which:	30	36	171	176	3%
- Notary Fees	2	3	10	12	18%
<ul> <li>Passport Fees/ Public Security</li> </ul>	11	10	44	44	1%
- Vehicle Control Fees	12	14	89	80	-10%
- Judicial Fees	2	2	8	10	33%
- Driving License Fees	2	2	9	10	17%
Administrative Charges	1	1	11	13	11%
<ul> <li>Sales (Official Gazette and License Number)</li> </ul>	0	0	1	2	48%
<ul> <li>Permit Fees (mostly work permit fees)</li> </ul>	4	4	18	20	12%
Other Administrative Fees & Charges	1	2	7	5	-28%
Penalties & Confiscations	1	0	3	3	-1%
Other Non-Tax Revenues (mostly retirement deductibles)	7	8	43	42	-2%

Source: MOF, DGF

# **Section 2: Expenditure Outcome**

Table 5. Expenditure by Economic Classification

2009	2010	% Change
Jan-May	Jan-May	2010/2009
4,904	5,140	5%
1,904	2,009	5%
1,375	1,377	0%
410	520	27%
356	441	24%
54	<i>78</i>	46%
119	112	-6%
2,413	2,462	2%
1,462		5%
950	932	-2%
53	68	28%
		22%
		-31%
		-12%
		50%
		26%
		20%
		44%
		44/0
		-
		-
		-
		237%
		-24%
		-26%
		-8%
		1%
		1%
231	229	-1%
3	0	-93%
13	16	29%
151	138	-9%
45	30	-33%
10	20	100%
<i>75</i>	61	-19%
13	20	61%
		-27%
_	_	108%
		-71%
		-39%
		-5%
_		-3% -46%
		-40 <i>%</i> -24%
52 553	308	-24% -44%
	181	1%
179	_	1000/
315	0	-100%
<i>315</i> 1,347	<i>0</i> 806	-40%
315	0	
	Jan-May  4,904  1,904  1,375  410  356  54  119  2,413  1,462  950  53  94  23  5  43  13  42  179  0  0  0  12  173  144  28  46  46  231  3  13  151  45  10  75  13  9  32  33  2,127  134  61  32	Jan-May         Jan-May           4,904         5,140           1,904         2,009           1,375         1,377           410         520           356         441           54         78           119         112           2,413         2,462           1,462         1,530           950         932           53         68           94         115           23         15           5         4           43         64           13         16           42         50           179         258           0         0           61         0           0         61           0         0           12         41           173         132           144         106           28         26           46         47           46         47           231         229           3         0           13         16           151         138           45         30

Source: Statement of Account 36, Cashier Spending, Public Debt Department Figures , Fiscal Performance Gross Adjustment Figures

<sup>1/</sup> For a detailed breakdown of those transfers, kindly refer to table 6.

 $<sup>2/\</sup>operatorname{For}$  a detailed breakdown of interest payments, kindly refer to table 7.

<sup>3/</sup> For a detailed breakdown of transfers to EDL, kindly refer to table 8.

Table 6. Breakdown of Transfers to Public Institutions for the Coverage of Salaries

(LL billion)	2009	2010	% Change
(LE DINION)	Jan-May	Jan- May	2010/2009
Transfer to Council of the South	2	7	242%
Transfer to Council for Development and Reconstruction (CDR)	21	11	-48%
Transfer to the Displaced Fund	2	2	-25%
Transfer to the Lebanese University	89	86	-3%
Transfer to the Educational Center for Research and Development	6	7	21%

Source: MOF, DGF

**Table 7.** Details of Debt Service Transactions

(II billion)	2009***	2010	2009	2010	% Change
(LL billion)	May	May	Jan-May	Jan-May	2010/2009
Interest Payments 1/	384	468	2,413	2,461	2%
Local Currency Debt	229	258	1,462	1,530	5%
Foreign Currency Debt, of which:	155	210	950	931	-2%
Eurobond Coupon Interest*	142	197	895	876	-2%
Specialbond Coupon Interest*	1	0	2	1	-45%
Concessional Loans Interest Payments	13	13	53	54	2%
Concessional Loans Principal Payments**	10	13	53	68	27%

Source: MOF, DGF

Table 8. Transfers to EDL

(LL billion)	2009 Jan-May	2010 Jan-May	% Change 2010/2009
EDL of which:	1,347	806	-40%
Debt Service of which:	52	33	-36%
- C-Loans and Eurobonds, of which:	32	23	-28%
Principal repayments	27	19	-30%
Interest Payments	5	4	-22%
- BDL Guaranteed Loan payments	20	10	-49%
<ul> <li>Reimbursement of KPC and Sonatrach Agreements</li> </ul>	1,296	773	-40%

Source: MOF, DGF

<sup>\*</sup> Includes general expenses related to the transaction

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes 133 Billions LL Fully paid of IBRD Loans from USAID Grant during 2008

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes 75 Billions LL Fully paid of IBRD Loans from USAID Grant during 2009

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Concessional Loans Interest Payments during Jan. 2009 has been changed from the PFM Jan. 2009 figure because LL 7 billion was paid for the IBRD Loan 7026 from the account of the municipality fund.

#### **Section 3: Public Debt**

**Table 9.** Public Debt Outstanding by Holder as of End-May 2010 (LL billion)

(LL billion)	2007 Dec	2008 Dec	2009 Dec	2010 May	Change Dec 09 – May 10	% Change Dec 09- May 10
Gross Public Debt Local Currency Debt	63,350 31,373	70,916 39,007	77,075 44,973	77,094 45,393	19 420	0.02% 0.93%
a. Central Bank (Including REPOs and Loans to EDL to Finance Fuel Purchases) <sup>(1)</sup>	9,052	8,781	10,334	10,482	148	1.43%
b. Commercial Banks	16,847	24,320	27,286	27,305	19	0.07%
c. Other Local Currency Debt (T-bills), <i>of which:</i>	5,474	5,906	7,353	7,606	253	3.44%
Public Entities	4,796	5,062	6,078	6,130	52	0.86%
* Accrued Interest Included in Debt	730	1,029	999	993	-6	-0.60%
Foreign Currency Debt <sup>(2)</sup>	31,977	31,909	32,102	31,701	-401	-1.25%
a. Bilateral, Multilateral and Foreign Private Sector Loans	2,953	2,830	2,676	2,556	-121	-4.50%
b. Paris II Related Debt (Eurobonds and Loans) <sup>(3)</sup>	6,063	5,456	4,819	4,417	-403	-8.36%
c. Paris III Related Debt (Eurobonds and Loans) <sup>(4)</sup>	1,357	1,849	1,963	1,873	-90	-4.59%
d. Market-Issued Eurobonds	20,776	20,925	21,736	21,989	253	1.17%
e. Accrued Interest on Eurobonds	410	430	460	419	-41	-8.91%
f. Special T-bills in Foreign Currency <sup>(5)</sup>	419	419	447	447	0	0.00%
<b>Public Sector Deposits</b>	4,527	8,326	10,522	10,296	-226	-2.15%
Net Debt	58,823	62,590	66,553	66,798	245	0.37%
Gross Market Debt <sup>(6)</sup>	39,216	46,992	51,231	51,656	425	0.83%
% of Total Debt	62%	66%	67%	67%	0	0.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> The BDL has extended loans to EDL for the equivalent amount of US\$ 300 million to purchase fuel oil. These loans are listed as public debt as they are government guaranteed.

(2) Figures for Dec 08 and Dec 09 differ from previously published data reflecting an update of disbursement figures of IBRD and IDB

project loans in the Debt Management and Financial Analysis System (DMFAS).

(3) Paris II related debt (Eurobonds and Loans) including a Eurobond originally issued at USD 1,870 billion to BDL in the context of the

Paris II conference.

(4) Issued to Malaysia as part of its Paris III contribution, IBRD loan, UAE loan, first tranche of the French loan received in February

<sup>2008,</sup> IMF loans, first tranche EC/EU loan, and AMF loan disbursed in June 2009. (5) Special Tbs in foreign currency (expropriation bonds).

<sup>(6)</sup> Gross market debt equals gross debt less the portfolios of the BDL, NSSF, bilateral and multilateral loans, Paris II and Paris III related

### **Ministry of Finance Publications**

#### 2010

Aid Coordination Monthly Newsletter, Issues 26-33
Debt and Debt Markets Quarterly, QIV 2009, QI 2010
Electricité du Liban: A Fiscal Perspective, April 2010
Lebanon Country Profile 2010
Public Finance Review 2009
Public Finance Monitor Monthly Update, Nov & Dec 2009, Jan-Apr 2010
Transfers to EDL: A Monthly Snapshot, Jan-May 2010

#### 2009

Aid Coordination Monthly Newsletter, Issues 14-25
Debt and Debt Markets Quarterly, QI-QIII 2009
International Conference for Support to Lebanon – Paris III, Quarterly Progress Report, Issues 9-11
Lebanon Country Profile 2009
Public Finance Monitor Monthly Update, Jan-Oct 2009
Public Finance Quarterly, QI-QIII
Public Finance Review 2008

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